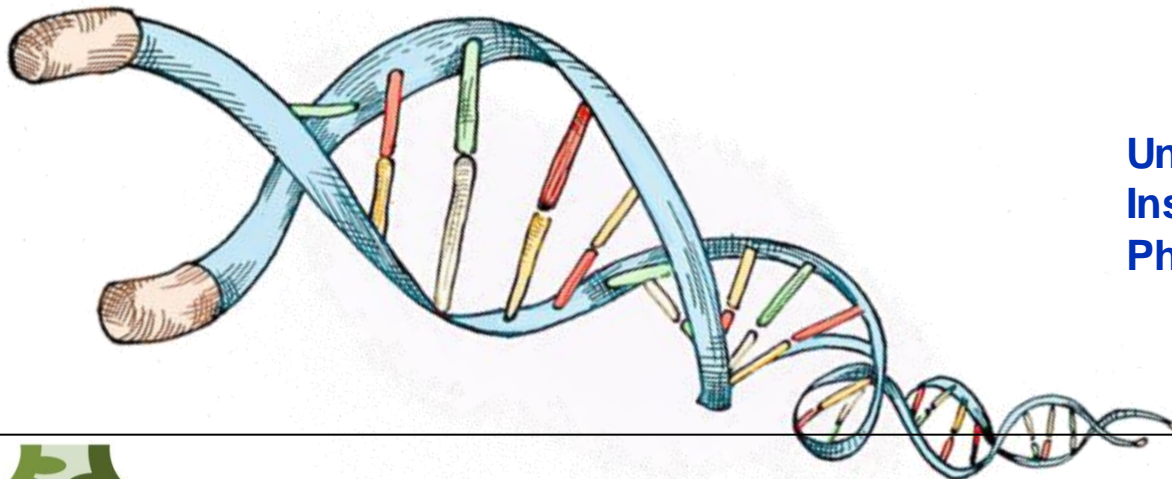


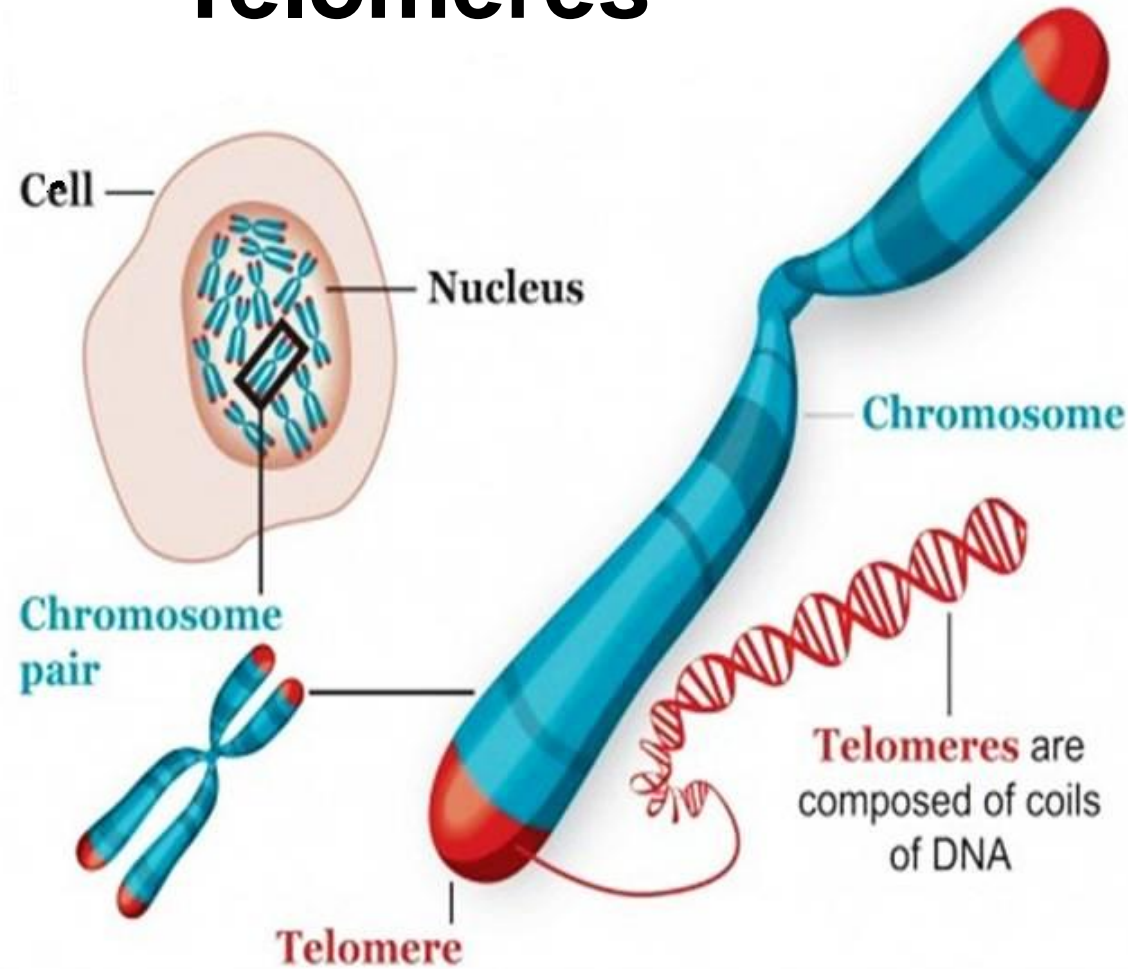
# Telomere length: any perspective as a biomarker for longevity in dairy cows?

Susanne Häußler & Lilian Laubenthal



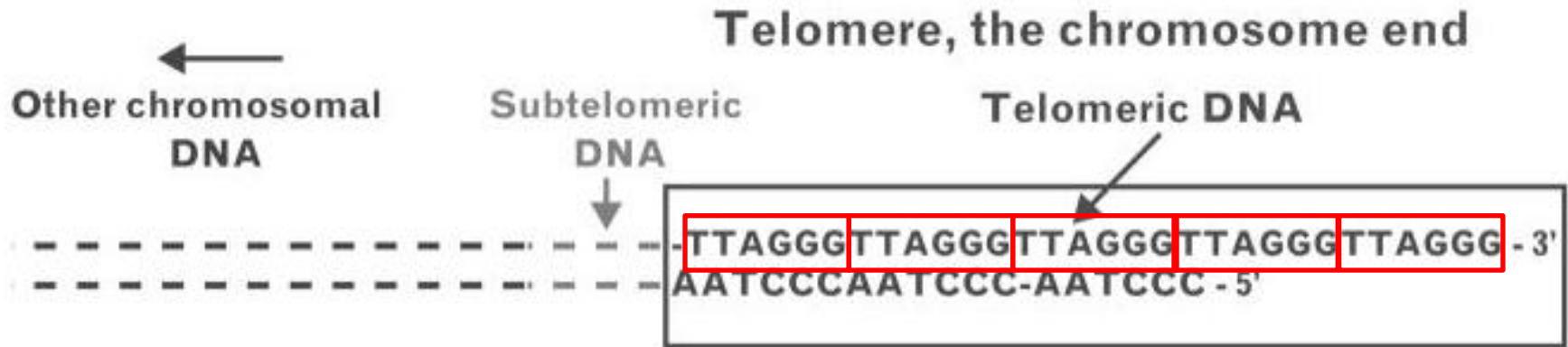
University of Bonn  
Institute of Animal Sciences,  
Physiology & Hygiene Unit

# Telomeres



- protect chromosomal integrity
- allow for complete replication of genomic DNA (BROWN ET AL. 2012)

# Telomeres

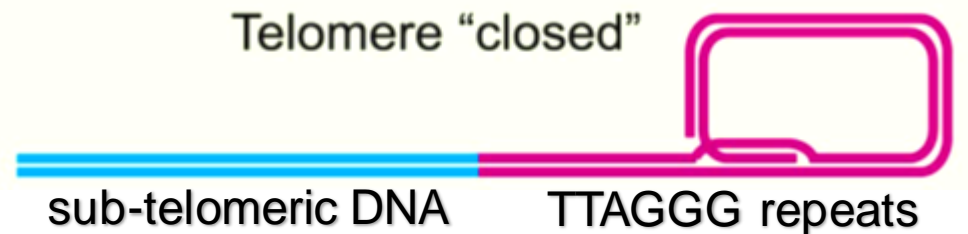


SHAMMAS 2011

- $[TTAGGG]_n$  repeats on the end of chromosomes
- 5 – 15 kilobase pairs of telomere repeats

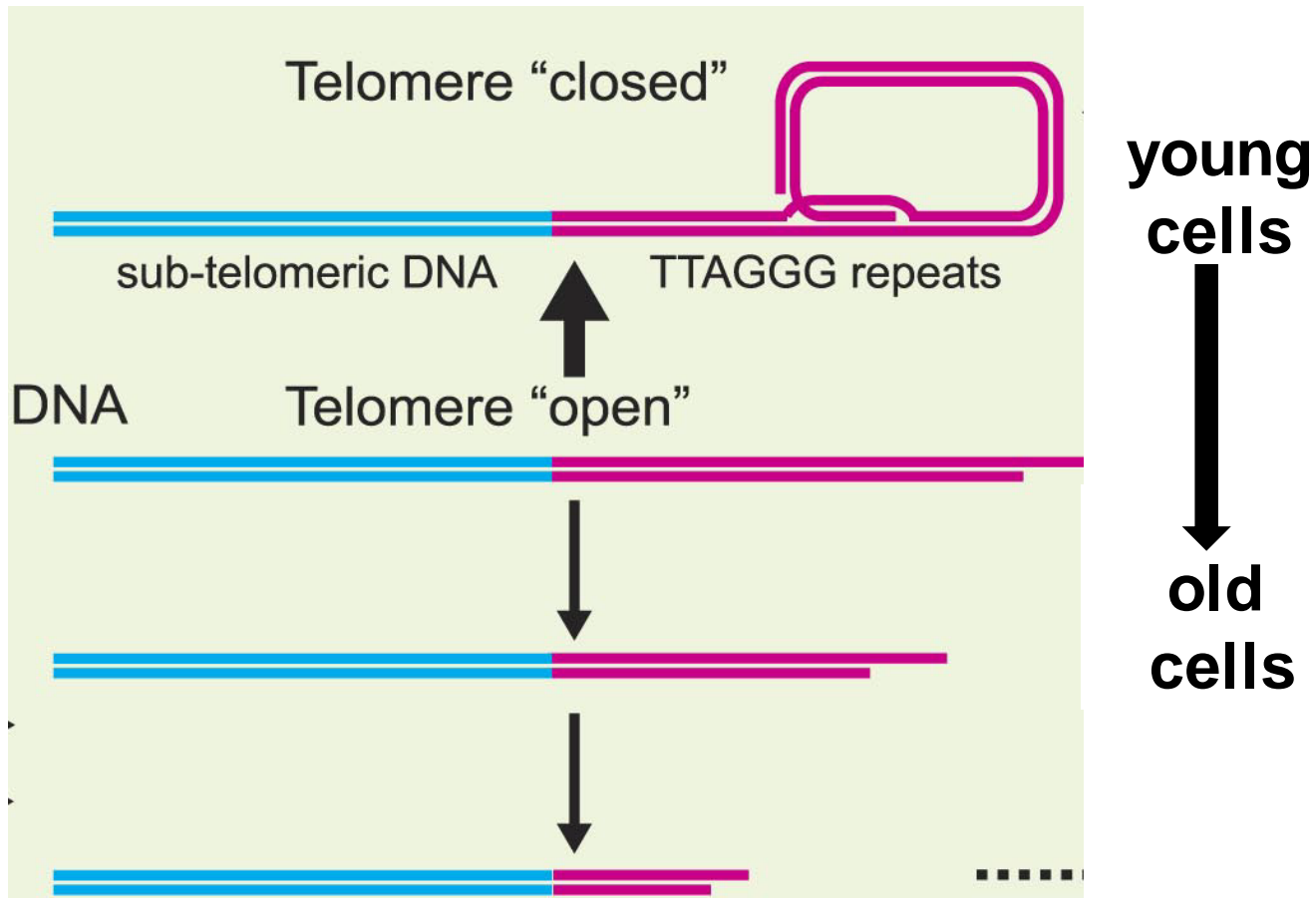
interact with specific proteins

→ looped confirmation



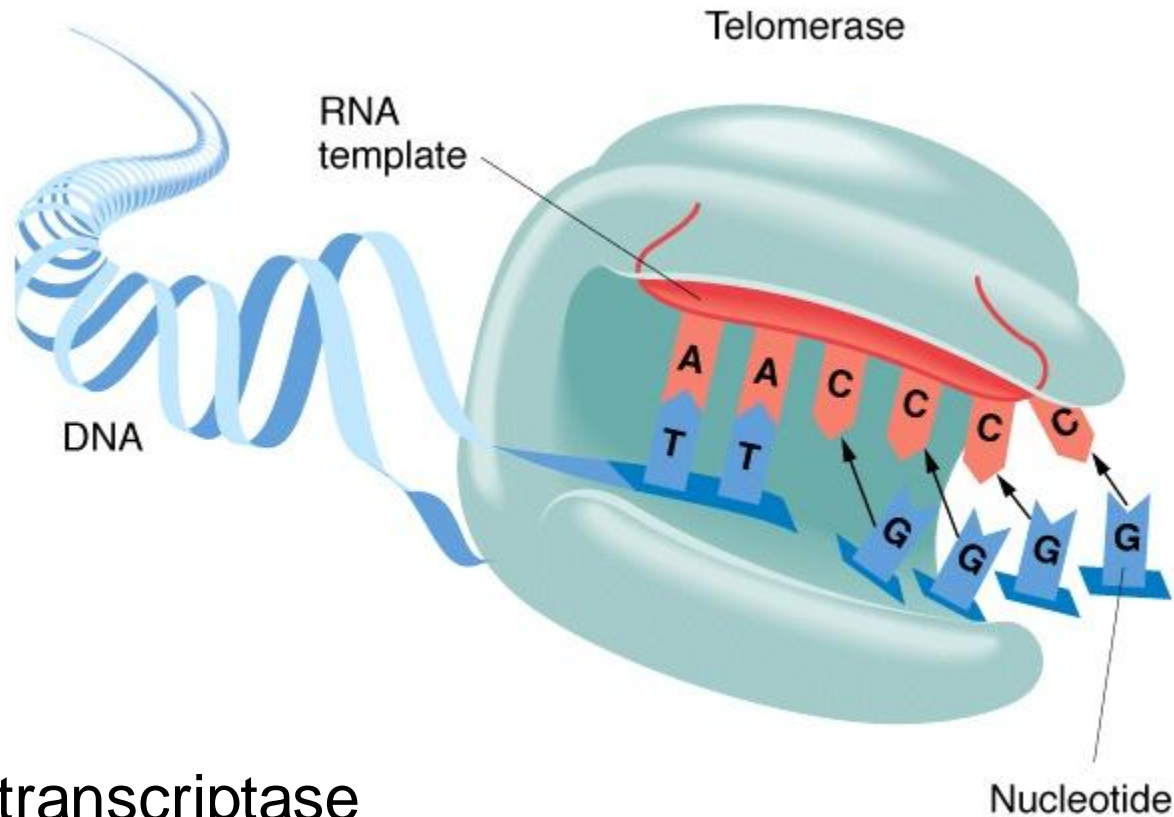
(AUBERT & LANSDORP 2008)

# Telomeres



(AUBERT & LANSDORP 2008)

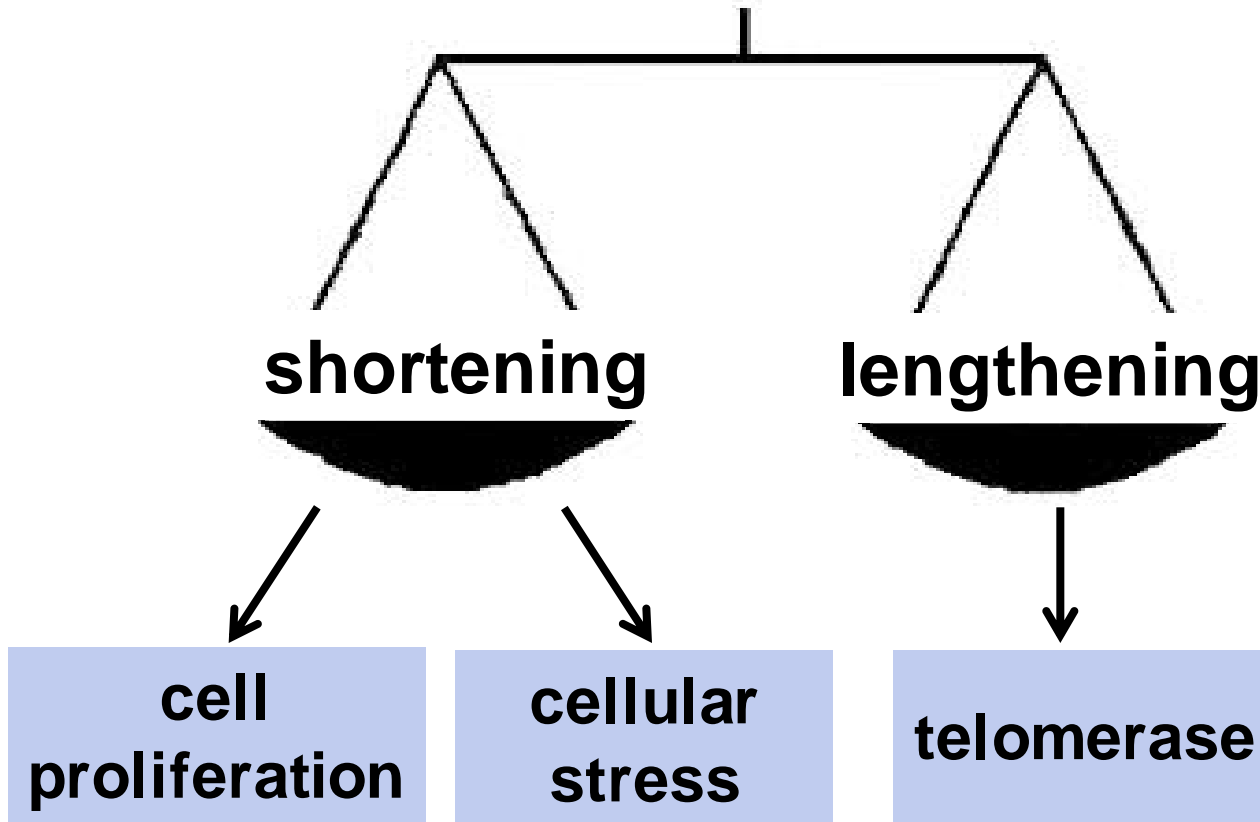
# Telomerase



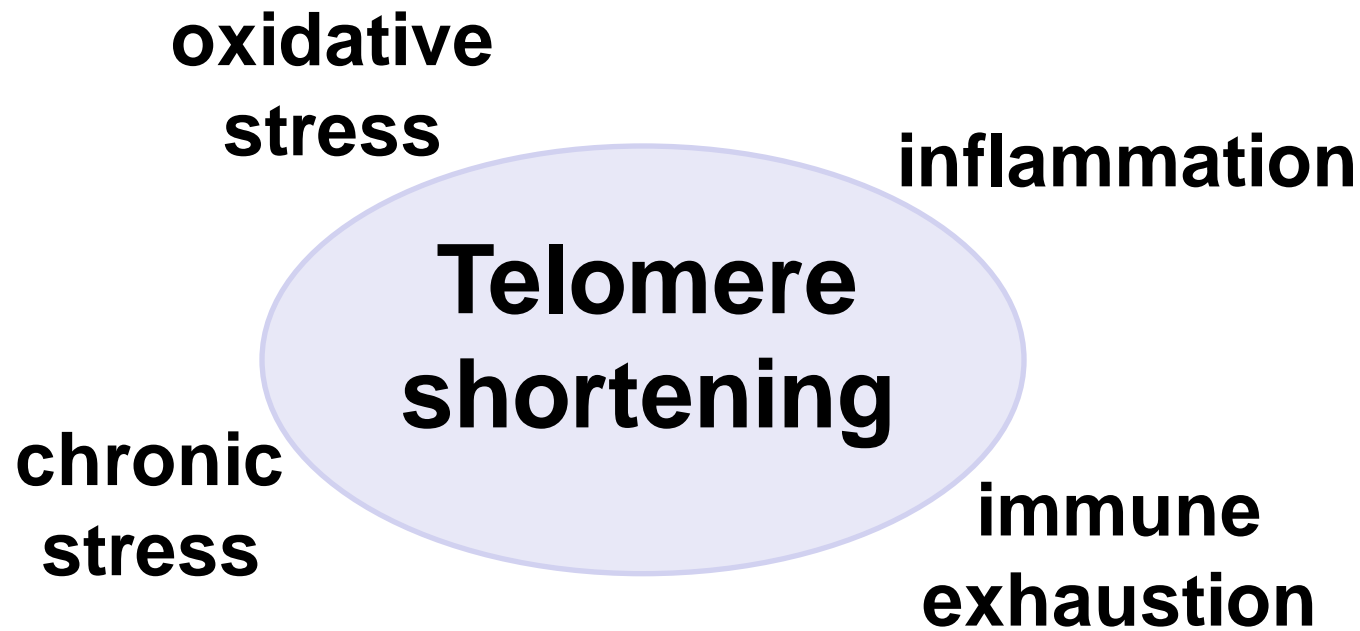
<http://www.rechargebiomedical.com>  
[access 11.8.2014]

- reverse transcriptase
- add nucleotides for telomeric DNA
- replenish telomeres (AUTEXIER & LUE 2006)

# Telomere length



# Causes of telomere shortening

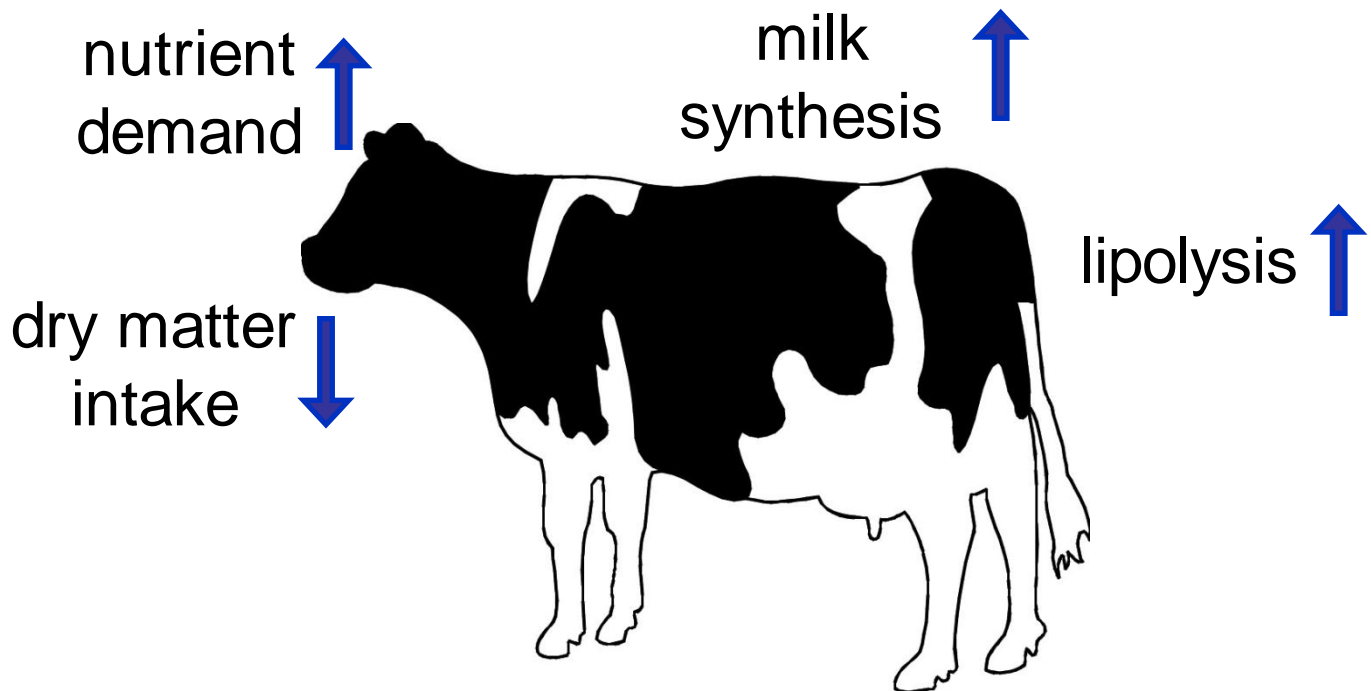


(EITAN ET AL. 2014)

→ Telomere shortening is associated with ageing and age-related pathologies in humans (BLASCO 2007)

# High-yielding dairy cows

## Early lactation



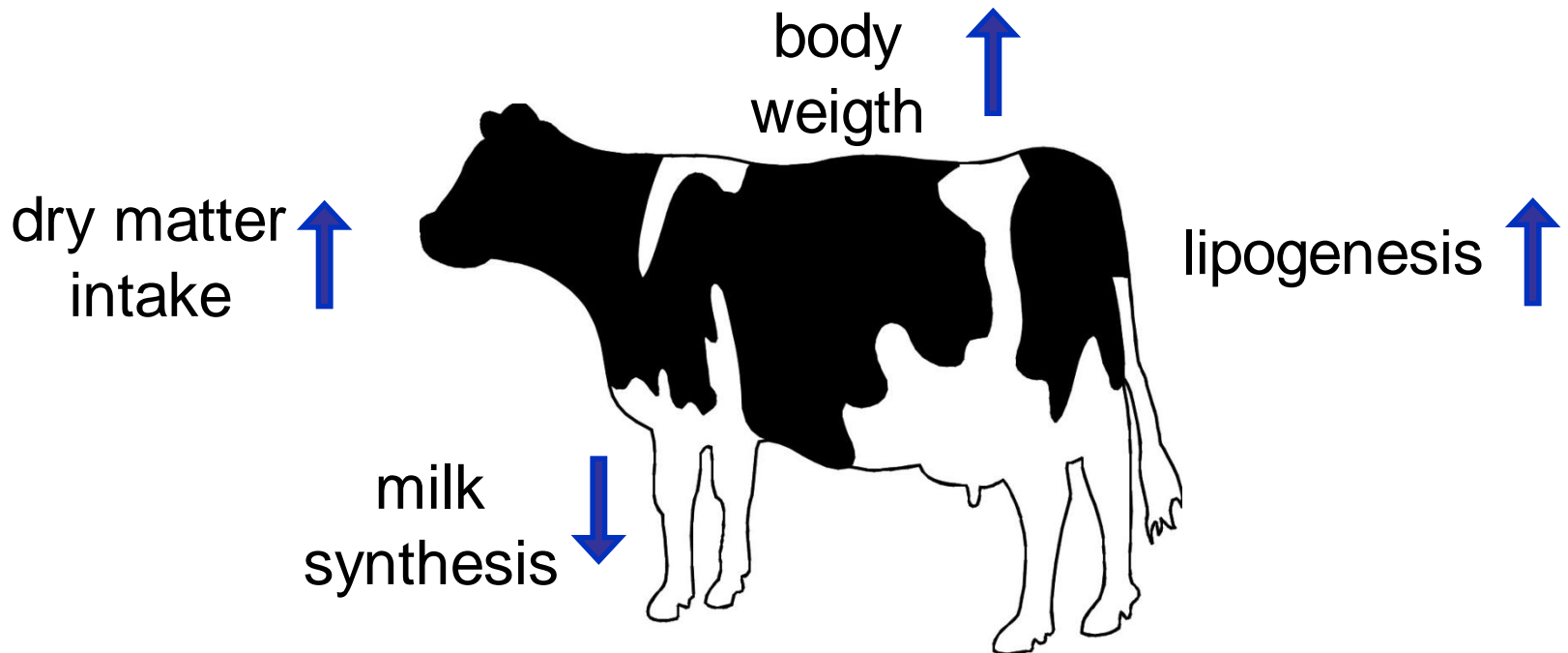
→ increased susceptibility to metabolic disorders

→ compromised immune response (MALLARD ET AL. 1998) and reduced fertility (BUTLER & SMITH 1989)



# High-yielding dairy cows

mid to late lactation



over-conditioned versus lean cows:

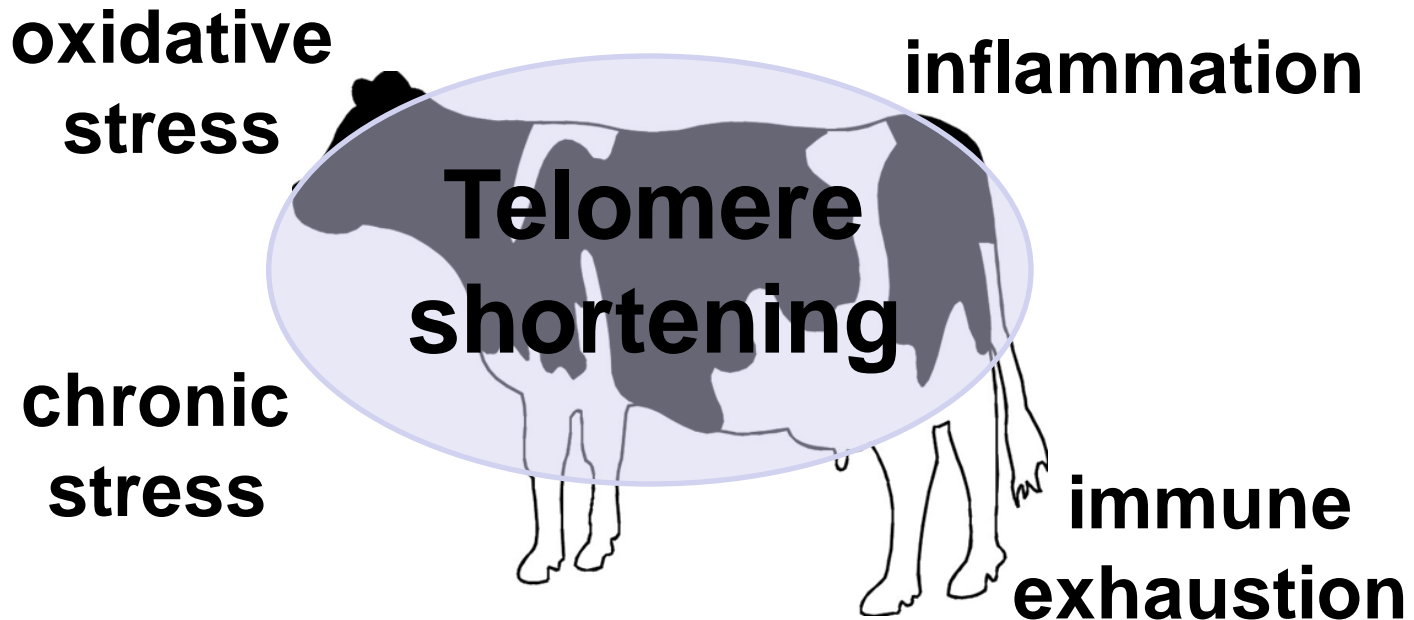
- greater incidence of health problems in the transition period

(reviewed by SORDILLO & RAPHAEL 2013)

# Telomere length in dairy cows

→ chronic stress response

- telomeres respond to environmental changes and stressors (THEALL ET AL. 2013)



- reduced telomere length in cattle related to age and herd environment (BROWN ET AL. 2012)

# Hypothesis

**Telomeres shorten in bovine adipose tissue  
in association with  
increased oxidative stress.**

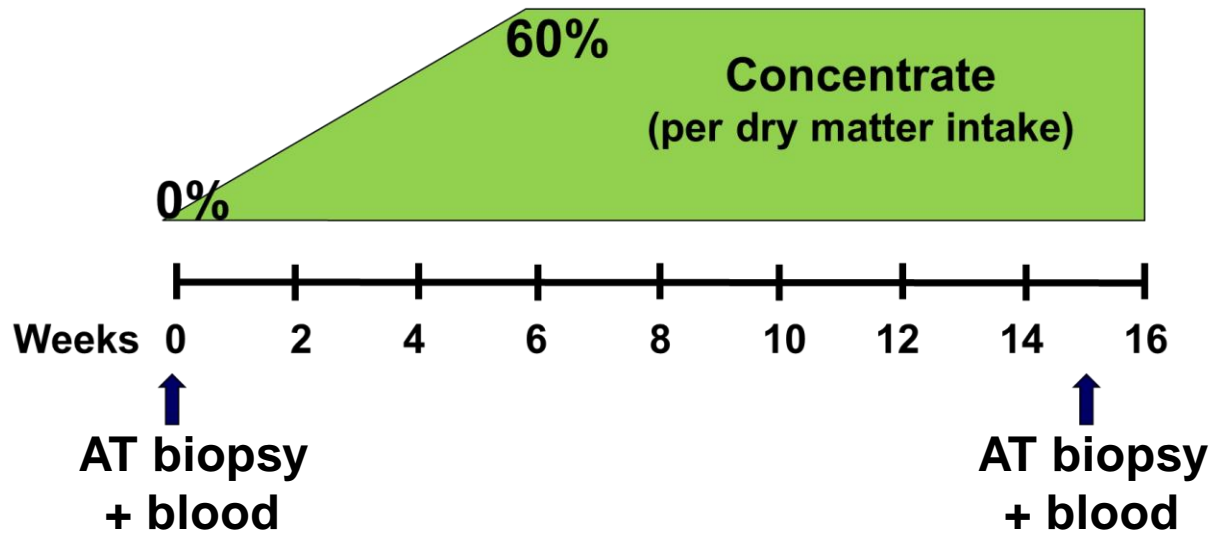




# Experimental design



non-lactating; non-pregnant; 4-6 years; n=8



**540 ± 20**  
**2.31 ± 0.12**

**Body weight (kg)**  
**Body condition score**

**792 ± 29**  
**4.53 ± 0.14**

# Methods

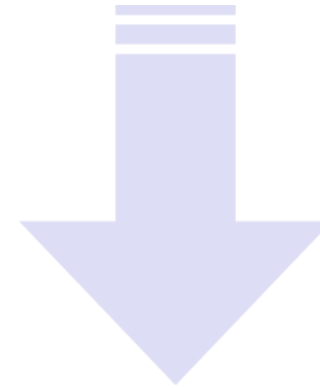
**serum samples**



**Derivates of reactive  
oxygen metabolites  
(dROM)**

**subcutaneous AT**

Homogenization + DNA extraction



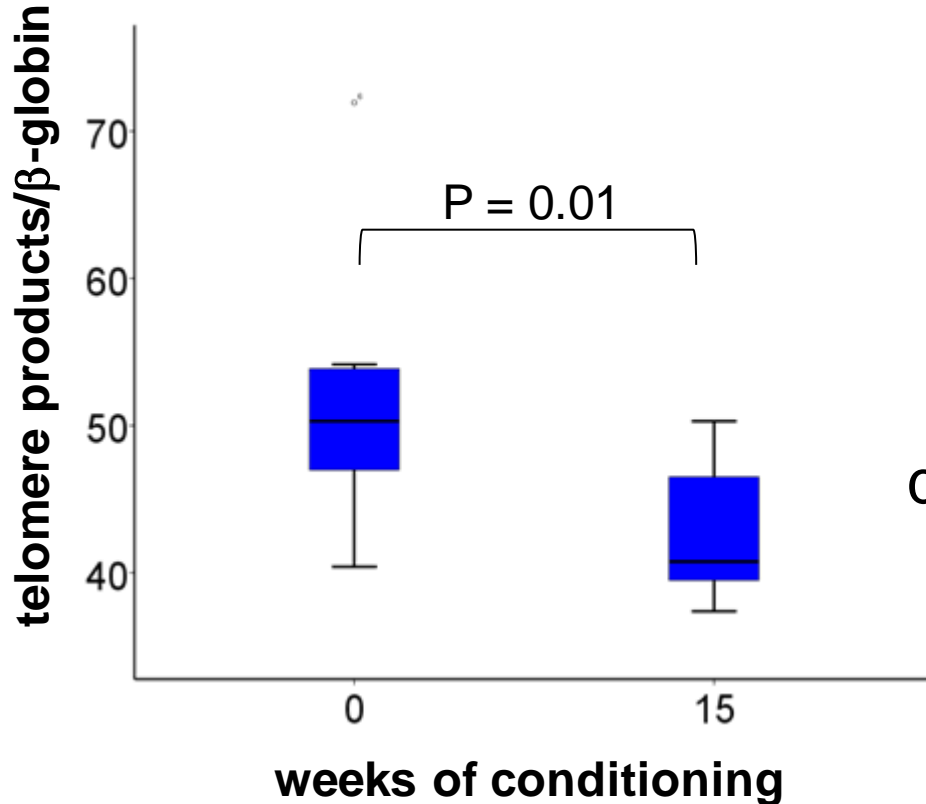
**Telomere quantitiy**

Data analysis:

Mann-Whitney-Test and Spearman correlation (SPSS 22)



## Telomere quantity



Correlation between  
quantity of telomeres and dROM  
 **$r = -0.596$ ;  $P = 0.015$**

## Telomeres:

- mirror chronic stress, environmental influences and health disorders
- biomarker for longevity in dairy cows

## Saliva

- non-invasive
- ideal medium to monitor long-term effects of metabolic stress in dairy cows



Catch-All™ buccal swab